	Question
General Questions	Is this something new, or has this been in the works for awhile?
	Where do I find these Rules?
	How and why was the May 4th date chosen?
	It is my understanding that DHS will work with the MCOs, requiring them to change contracted work services rates to the new schedule. If this is not correct, please advise.
	Will these codes and fees be automatically given to the three MCO'S, or do we have to contact the MCO'S and negotiate with someone to get them added to our contracts?

Does this rule and fee schedule change include employment services funded by habilitation?
I knew the rules were passed, but I thought I saw something that said the fees could not be implemented until CMS approves Iowa's proposed waiver amendments. Did that happen?
On the first page of the flowchart, near top left, it says if 24+ and needs career exploration, apply to IVRS. I know it's kind of late, so maybe I'm just confused, but I thought these individuals worked through waiver? If you could clarify, would be greatly appreciated! (via IACP email 4/29)
The rules state that the waiver can not pay for services that are available through VR or the department of education is a denial letter required from IVRS or the Dept. of Ed before Prevocational or Supported Employment services can be authorized under the HCBS programs?

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	Define commensurate experience
	What is the IME measuring for outcomes data related to employment services?
	How often is the case manager and/or care coordinator to have contact with the member?
Provider Qualifications Please click on the following link for a staff qualification & training requirments tool: Insert link for table.	The new education / experience requirements for a staff providing Individual Supported Employment require a Bachelors degree or commensurate experience, preferably in human services, sociology, psychology, education, human resources, marketing, sales or business. My question is: would a combination of education and commensurate experience qualify? For example an Associate degree and commensurate experience

For individual supported employment (SE) the rules state "nationally recognized certification for an employment support professional (APSE's CESP) and complete employment specialist training (ACRE approved training or College of Employment Services (CES) or similar)."

For job coach and small group SE the rules state "nationally recognized certificate of completion in job training and coaching."

For direct support pre-voc staff the rules state "9.5 hours offered through Direct Course or ACRE approved training."

The employment services training we currently receive through IACP is called College of Direct Support through U of IA. Is Direct Course the same as College of Direct Support?

For Individual SE, the person must hold nationally recognized certification for an employment support professional (APSE's CESP) and complete employment specialist training (ACRE approved training or College of Employment Services (CES) or similar). For the employment specialist training, does this include both of the following:

- College of Employment Services (through CDS)
  course completion for employment specialist where a
  person obtains a certificate of completion for the
  online employer development courses.
- IA-APSE (ACRE approved) foundations, job coach and employer development training where a person obtains a certificate of completion.

Do current career counselors/job coaches that are employed by the schools need to meet the new certification guidelines
Within Individual Supported Employment Staff Qualifications – if I have staff currently working as Job Developers who do not meet the requirement for a BA or commensurate experience (4 years) quite yet, will they be able to work under the new rules?
If an Employment Specialist has their Job Coaching/Job Development certificate of completion and has a Bachelor Degree or commensurate experience, do they still need the 9.5 hours of employment training in addition to this if they also do Long Term Job Coaching?

Where do I find the 9.5 hours of employment training? 7.25(9) Supported employment habilitation (1) Individual supported employment: bachelor's degree or commensurate experience, preferably in human services, sociology, psychology, education, human resources, marketing, sales or business. The person must also hold nationally recognized certification for an employment support professional (APSE's CESP) and complete employment specialist training (ACRE approved training or College of Employment Services (CES) or similar) and must earn this credential within 24 months of hire or within 24 months of May 4, 2016.

(2) Long-term job coaching: associate degree, or high school diploma or equivalent and 6 months' relevant experience. A person providing direct support shall, within 6 months of hire or within 6 months of May 4, 2016, complete at least 9.5 hours of employment services training as offered through DirectCourse or through ACRE approved training. The person must also hold or obtain, within 24 months of hire, or within 24 months of May 4, 2016, nationally recognized certificate of completion in job training and coaching.

(3) Small-group supported employment: associate degree, or high school diploma or equivalent and 6 months' relevant experience. A person providing direct support shall, within 6 months of hire or within 6 months of May 4, 2016, complete at least 9.5 hours of employment services training as offered through DirectCourse or through ACRE approved training. The person must also hold or obtain, within 24 months of hire, or within 24 months of May 4, 2016, nationally recognized certificate of completion in job training and coaching.

Prevocational Services	
	Are Resume writing and interview skills that may previously been taught as a group in pre voc still able to be done that way under the new rules, or is it something now that needs to be done more individually under supported employment?
	If a person has started pre voc with one provider and then switches to another provider, does the clock start over for prevocational timing
	If a person has a Master's in Vocational Rehabilitation, do they still have to take the APSE test or can they appeal or be grandfathered in

	If we have job coaches who were APSE certified in job coaching and job development last year, are they "grandfathered" in as meeting the requirement of the 9.5 hours (and go to the 4 hours annually) or do they have to start with the 9.5 hours effective May 4th?
Prevocational - Career Exploration	Does the 34 hours of Career Exploration run concurrent with the 90 days in pre-voc, or is it 34 hours plus 90 days?
	Since Career Exploration is at a different rate than pre-voc, how will it be billed separately?

How is career exploration different from individual supported employment? Currently our employment coordinator provides services that include employment preparation, planning, and support.
Is career exploration part of pre-voc or individual
supported employment, or both?

Members served in our pre-voc program are typically served from 8:15 A.M. to 1:45 P.M. Can we include their half hour lunch time in our billable hours since they are in the program during that time?
Can we bill for services that help individuals with volunteer opportunities? In 78.27(9) page 8 it says it is part of pre-voc but on page 9 it is excluded. This seems to be conflicting information.
Currently we have to reach 4.25 hours to bill a unit for a day. If a client leaves early for any reason, we do not get to bill for a partial day. Under the new hourly rates, will we have to reach a threshold for hours in a day to bill or could we bill for one hour in a day?  - Is there any rounding for the hour? Our clients are typically scheduled 5.5 or 6.5 hours in a day. Can you bill partial units? If so, what is the break down, half or quarter hours for example. Is there any rounding? If a client trains 3 hours and 39 minutes for example, do we round down to 30 minutes, round up to 40, not get paid for that time at all because it didn't reach a full hour?

Individual Supported Employment	Please clarify that the unit of service for Individual Supported Employment.
	Case Managers have been questioning our request for the Individual Supported employment service that we have requested, some saying that they would need something to justify the need for this service, since the lump sum was just issued in March.  • If we don't get the Individual SE for Job Development we won't be able to bill for any indirect supports which started May 4.  • The old codes are gone, the lump sum is no longer a Medicaid service – we need to be authorized for a service that exists  • If someone were to get a job, the initial job coaching has to be covered under the Initial Supported Employment, which we wouldn't have if they don't authorize it.

Could you clarify the CMS definition & activity #16 "Systematic instruction and support during initial on- the-job training including initial on-the-job training to stabilization" as it relates to Individual Employment
With Individual Supported Employment services authorized at a max of 40 units initially and a possible 20 additional per year, can you clarify when a member's year re-sets? I would assume it's at annual planning.

	Where does job coaching from placement to stabilization fall in this matrix? From the information in the webinar and explanatory handouts, I get the understanding that it should fall under Individual Supported Employment T2018 until stabilization is reached. Is that correct? Or will it be under Long Term Job Coaching
Long Term Job Coaching	
	If we job coach someone a total of 9 hours a month which would be tier 3, but let's say that they call in the last day. This situation would put one in a different tier. Do we bill a different tier or do we lose out on the number of hours we job coached?

Does an individual need to have a formal goal in place for the provider is only doing one contact per month under Long-Term Job Coaching?
Can an individual use long-term job coaching to help them get their driver's license and/or other transporation supports?
Is long term job coaching a long term service?

	If a member is receiving long term job coaching supports at a particular tier level, but due to various circumstances, was not provided that particular level of support (either less or more), how is the employment provider to bill? Do you bill as approved, vs. the tier level of support that was actually provided?
	Medicaid HCBS Employment Services rule changes going into effect May 4, 2016. Part of the rules now say that transportation to and from job sites can be bundled into the supported employment time and thus, billed under the supported employment code and rate. I just want to clarify that this is just an option. If we want to continue providing the transportation under T2003 HCBS Waiver Transportation and billing as a per trip service, we are allowed to do so as long as there is authorization for it, correct
Transportation	Will these codes and fees be automatically given to the three MCO'S, or do we have to negotiate with the MCO'S to get them added to our contracts?

Procedure Codes and Rates	How were the rates arrived at? Our prevocational hourly rates are better than this now.
	Our floor rate for Prevocational Hourly is higher than the fee schedule. Will floor rates be honored?
	We offer some group supported employment. For the ID waiver, we currently bill using code H2023 for group supported employment (no modifier). For Habilitation we bill using code H2023 UC (with a modifier). Thus, we are using slightly different billing codes depending on the payer. On the new rate sheet, there is no differentiation between the codes/modifiers for ID waiver and for Habilitation. Is it right, that we are to use the same codes/modifiers regardless if waiver or habilitation?

	Where are the prior authorization requirements for employment services?
Prior Authorization of	What is the expected time frame for service plan
Prevocational and SE	authorization for employment services?
services	

With move away from outcome payment in what was Job/Employer Development, how will the transition work to this new billing format? -Specifically, if I've been working for several months with a person to obtain a job and happen to find success shortly after May 4, is there any way to collect for the work we did prior to the rule change, or will I only be able to bill the few hours provided between 5/4 and the date the job was obtained?

# Claims and Billing

Our organization is in the process of phasing out prevocational services, with a targeted end date of June 30, 2016. Our current program offers prevocational services in an segregated facility setting. The new rules indicated that prevocational services must be offered in an integrated community setting. Will we need to accelerate the closure of the segregated facility based prevocational program?

Question as it relates to T2018 and H2025: for Habilitation and Waiver Services. Can staff document all their time that is involved for the client receiving SE services. (noting that it cannot all be on behalf of)

Can staff document on all of the following time as billable time: Staff drove to meet client a job site and provided job coaching services and drove back to where they were before they started working with the client. Staff completed some documentation while with client. The following could not be billed for. Once staff returned to the office they completed documentation on the prior job coaching activity.

Settings	Who is going to develop jobs and do job coaching for the high school students referred to VR? Will VR or school staff do it? Or does VR just refer to the provider and regulate/fund?
Iowa Vocational Rehabilitation Services (IVRS)	What is being done to inform and develop employers for the students leaving the school under VR?

	What is IVRS Employment Services? Just to fund or do the services include job development and placement by VR? If they rely only on providers there will be quite a long waiting list.
	We have a work experience program for high school students prior to their graduating from school. We have no contract with the schools and we receive no funding. School staff come here with their students and supervise them and we pay the students for their time at work. This is totally unrelated to Medicaid. Can the districts continue this?
Regions	What obligations do Regions have for this service structure and these rates, with regard to contracting with providers, and can Regions wait until the July 2017 contracting period to implement this structure and these rates?

## Response

The Rules in ARRC 2471c, and the new HCPS codes and rates, are the culmination of several years of "systems change" projects involving DHS, IVRS, and other partners. You may know this effort as "Medicaid Employment Redesign" which has involved staff and national technical experts from the ICIE (Iowa Coalition on Integrated Employment), E1st (Employment First State Leadership Mentor Project), and SELN (State Employment Leadership Network). This effort has been evolving since 2009, and in earnest since 2012.

Please refer to Informational Bulletin 1665 for detailed information including links to the administrative rules.

https://dhs.iowa.gov/sites/default/files/1665\_HCBSPrevocationalandSupportedEmploymentServiceChanges.pdf

The effective date of May 4, 2016 is purely a function of the administrative Rules timeline; this date results from the date the Rules were officially filed

The fee scheduled posted on the IME Fee Schedule website at: https://dhs.iowa.gov/ime/providers/csrp/fee-schedule has been shared with the MCOs. The MCOs are in the process of making the changes needed to implement the new rules.

See response above. The rates paid by the MCOs are negotiated between the MCOs and their providers, the IME can not address to the MCOs reimbursement negotiations. Providers serving FFS members and billing the IME will be paid at the posted Fee Schedule rate.

Yes. The provider qualifications, service definitions and reimbursement methodologies and rates are now consistent across the HCBS ID and BI Waivers and the Habilitation program. The department has chosen to implement the changes up on the effective date of the administrative rules and will be submitting the state plan amendment and waiver amendments adopting the changes. What the box actually says, for both Medicaid members who are in prevocational already and also those not yet in prevocational, "If the member is 24+ years old, authorize Career Exploration and assist them to apply to IVRS. ..." Medicaid does not require a denial letter from IVRS or the Dept. of Education in order for members to access like services through the waivers or Habilitation. To meet this requirement the Case Manager, or Care Coordinator documents in the member's person centered service plan that the reason that services are not available through IVRS or the school system for members still in school. This is outlined on Page 65 of the HCBS Provider Manual. https://dhs.iowa.gov/sites/default/files/HCBS.pdf This is also outlined in administrative rule 441 IAC 78.27(10)(f)

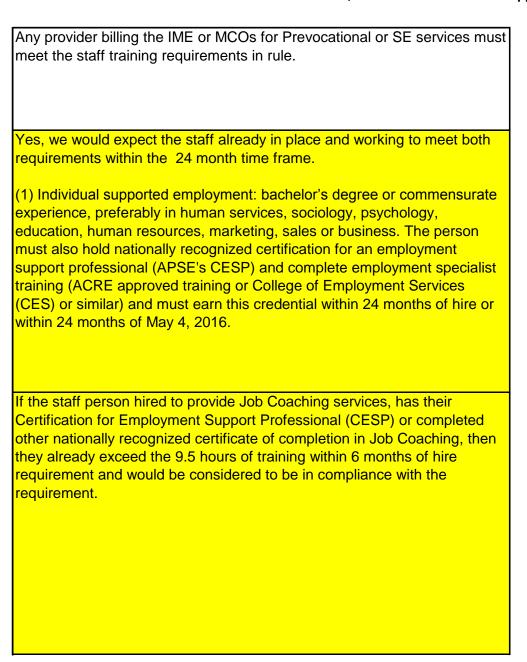
Commensurate experience is defined as: work experience that would equal to the educational requirement. If a BS is a four year degree then in lieu of the 4 year degree we would expect to see four years of work related experience in either organizational or community employment.

Specific details on data requirements can be found at this link...\*\*\*LeAnn can we insert the link to the Access And Quality (ACCQUAL): Report of Employment. As a general response, MCOs are expected to collect a two-week period of employment data that occurred in the reporting months of April and October. MCOs can determine the experience period to be reported. Data to be collected for members competively employed is hours worked during the reporting period, and hourly wage/earnings.

The case manager and/or care coordinator are to have monthly contact with the member, and monthly contact can be collateral. Face-to-face contact with the member is to occur quaterly.

Yes, a combination of commensurate experience and education is acceptable.

Yes the Direct Course/ College of Direct Support - Employment Supports is the IACP sponsored training and may be used to meet the 9.5 hours training requirements.
For the 9.5 hours of initial training and 4 hours of annual continuing education, the dept. recognizes the training offered through APSE or IACP; and for credentialing and certification we recognize any nationally recognized employment specialist certification for ISE, and for the LT Job Coaching and Group Employment we recognize the training course offered through APSE or IACP.



<ul> <li>DirectCourse is available to all Iowa HCBS providers at no charge through IACP, regardless of IACP membership</li> <li>See directcourse@iowaproviders.org or visit www.iowaproviders.org and</li> </ul>
click on "DirectCourse"
Iowa-APSE offers ACRE approved Community Employment Services     Training. See http://www.iowa-apse.org/
Clarification: The person providing Individual Supported Employment services has 24 months from the date of hire to meet the educational requirements and earn the Employment Support Professional certification.

Clarification: The person providing Long-Term Job Coaching services has 24 months from the date of hire to meet the educational requirements and complete the APSE or DirectCourse Job Coach training courses.
Clarification: The person providing Long-Term Job Coaching services has 24 months from the date of hire to meet the educational requirements and complete the APSE or DirectCourse job coaching or job development training courses.

An individual age 24 and above does NOT have to be referred to IVRS for Career Exploration. Of course, if the person wants to work and would need/benefit from IVRS services (which consist of employment services, including Career Exploration), they can always be referred to IVRS. IVRS does not have any age minimum or maximum, a person just needs to be able to – and expresses a desire - to WORK.
Prevocational services includes teaching skills related to obtaining employment which would include resume writing and interviewing skills training.
The time is tied to the person and their service plan not the provider, so it would not start over if the member switches providers
The person would have to be able to demonstrate that their MVR provides the same curriculum as the national certification.

Re: 77.25(9) Supported employment habilitation

(2) Long-term job coaching: associate degree, or high school diploma or equivalent and 6 months' relevant experience. A person providing direct support shall, within 6 months of hire or within 6 months of May 4, 2016, complete at least 9.5 hours of employment services training as offered through DirectCourse or through the ACRE certified training program. The person must also hold or obtain, within 24 months of hire, nationally recognized certification in job training and coaching.

If staff are currently working and have completed the APSE certification prior to the new rules being implemented, we would consider the 9.5 hours of training to be met.

For members enrolled in Prevocational services on or before May 04, 2016 the 90 day clock starts after the member has completed the 34 hours of Career Exploration services by having a written career plan. The 34 hours of Career Exploration service may be authorized concurrently with Prevocational hourly services and occurs over a 90 day period of time. The 90 day period may occur at anytime during the 24 month period.

Prevocational and Career Exploration have two separate procedure codes which will be authorized in the members service plan. Prevocational hourly procedure code is T2015 and the Career Exploration procedure code is T2015 U3. The U3 modifier is used to differentiate between the two services.

The differences in the two services is the expected outcome of the service. Career exploration is intended to develop a career plan that can then be utilized to identify the ongoing supports that a person may need to obtain and maintain employment.

"Career exploration," also referred to as "career planning," means a person-centered, comprehensive employment planning and support service that provides assistance for waiver program participants to obtain, maintain or advance in competitive employment or self-employment. Career exploration is a focused, time-limited service engaging a participant in identifying a career direction and developing a plan for achieving competitive, integrated employment at or above the state's minimum wage. The outcome of this service is documentation of the participant's stated career objective and a career plan used to guide individual employment support.

"Supported employment" means the ongoing supports to participants who, because of their disabilities, need intensive ongoing support to obtain and maintain an individual job in competitive or customized employment, or self-employment, in an integrated work setting in the general workforce at or above the state's minimum wage or at or above the customary wage and level of benefits paid by the employer for the same or similar work performed by individuals without disabilities. The outcome of this service is sustained paid employment at or above the minimum wage in an integrated setting in the general workforce in a job that meets personal and career goals. Supported employment services can be provided through many different service models.

Career Exploration is a Prevocational service and may also be an activity through Individual Supported Employment for those folks not choosing to participate in the Career Exploration service through a Prevocational service provider.

Meal time support is not considered a prevocational service and is therefore not billable time.
A member may participate in volunteer opportunities that provide work experiences during Prevocational services; however that does not include support for members volunteering in for-profit organizations and businesses other than for-profit organizations, or businesses that have formal volunteer programs in place (e.g., hospitals, nursing homes), and support for members volunteering to benefit the service provider.
Hourly services should be rounded as follows:  • Add all the minutes provided for a day  • When the total minutes for the day is less than 60, round up to one (1) whole unit  • When the total minutes for the day is more than 60, divide the total by 60 to get the number of hours for the day. This should be rounded to the nearest whole unit, by rounding down for 1-30 minutes, and rounding up fo 31-59 minutes

The unit of service for Individual Supported Employment is an hour.

Providers authorized for Job Development (JD) in March 2016 were able to bill for the JD at the time the services were authorized in the members service plan. Those providers should have already gotten paid in April for JD services to assist the member to obtain a job. The unit of service for the \$955.00 payment under the old model is a job the member holds for 30 days, and even though the provider gets paid up front, the outcome is the member obtaining a job and holding the job for 30 days.

If the member was authorized for JD and after May 4, 2016 the member still has not obtained a job, the SE-JD provider will need to provide the service documentation for the JD services provided to the member to evidence the provider's efforts and activities related to assisting the member to obtain a job before Individual Supported Employment may be authorized. This is due to the provider already receiving payment to "obtain a job".

If the service documentation provided for JD shows that reasonable efforts have been made and the individual still did not obtain a job, it would be reasonable to authorize Individual Supported Employment to continue to assist the member to obtain employment. If the provider cannot provide documentation of the JD activities or the documentation does not support the JD reimbursement already received, then authorization for ISE with that specific SE provider would not be appropriate. In these type of circumstances where the member still needs the services but the provider could not demonstrate the necessary outcomes, it would be most appropriate to locate a SE provider who may be better equipped to support the member in their job search activities.

Initial Job Coaching 90 days to stabilization may be provided as part of the Individual Supported Employment service or as a Long Term Job Coaching service.

Systematic instruction and support during initial on-the-job training including initial on-the-job training to stabilization" as it relates to Individual Employment allows for the Employment Specialist to continue to work with the member on the job while they stabilize in their job and have a "warm handoff" to the LT Job Coach. It would work the same if they were receiving "stabilization support" from IVRS with a "warm hand off" to the Medicaid HCBS LT Job Coach.

The member may access up to 60 units per 12 calendar months which would generally coincide with the member's annual service plan authorization. i.e. If the member accessed 60 units of ISE between May 2017 and August 2017, the member could beauthorized to access another 60 units of service between May 2018 and August 2018.

(updated 7/22/2016) Initial on the job training to stabilization may occur either through Inducual Supported Employment if the annual limit on the number of units has not been met otherwise this will occur as Long Term Job Coaching Activity.

## 78.27(10) Supported employment services

- (2) Expected outcome of service. The expected outcome of this service is sustained employment,
- or self-employment, paid at or above the minimum wage or the customary wage and level of benefits
- paid by an employer, in an integrated setting in the general workforce, in a job that meets personal and
- career goals. Successful transition to long-term job coaching, if needed, is also an expected outcome of
- this service. An expected outcome of supported self-employment is that the member earns income that
- is equal to or exceeds the average income for the chosen business within a reasonable period of time.
- (4) Individual employment strategies include but are not limited to: customized employment, individual placement and support, and supported self-employment.
- Service activities are individualized and may include any combination of the following:
- 20. Initial on-the-job training to stabilization activity

The Tier is based on the average hours worked over the course of a calendar month. The member remains in Tier 3 (H2025 U5) for the entire month. If the average hours over the course of the month fall below the 9 hour threshold and that is the new "average" for the person then the Tier would be changed to Tier 2 for the following month. The provider would bill for the Tier authorized for the current month and would then bill at the new Tier for the following month.

## ID Waiver 441 IAC 83.61(1) & BI Waiver441 IAC 83.82(1)

Yes, the member must have a formal goal documented in their service plan to sustain or maintain employment in order to receive the long-term job coaching. There must be justification in the service plan for any service being received.

Job coaching must be directly tied to the member maintaining their employment or advancing in employment. If having a driver's license is directly related to the member maintaining their employment because it is a requirement for the job then that would be appropriate to assist the member in obtaining their driver's license, however if the member isn't required to drive for their job, then it would not be a billable service and would be more appropriately provided under an SCL/HBH service. Transportation of the member during LT Job Coaching services is billable when it is designed to assist the member with retaining individual employment.

Long-term job coaching services are designed to assist the member with learning and retaining individual employment, resulting in workplace integration, and which allows for the reduction of long-term job coaching over time. Services are individualized, and service plans are adjusted as support needs change. The LTJC service should be provided in such a way that the member is able to fade the number of hours of service over time as the member builds indpendence and natural supports in the workplace.

Long-term job coaching services should be billed as approved or authorized. If circumstances occur outside of the provider's control, for example these circumstances might include, a decrease in work hours due to an illness or hospitalization, or it might be an increase in hours due to the availability of seasonal work, these are considered short-term occurances and that the level of support will remain the same. Submit billing for the tier approved, ensuring that you documentation/case note(s) reflect what was occuring for the member that impacted their work hours, and therefore level of job coaching supports. If it is expected that the member will need a new level of support, a new tier level should be requested.

The Supported Employment services; Individual Supported Employment, Group Employment and Long Term Job Coaching include transportation of the member during service hours. Community transportation options (such as driving oneself, carpools, public transportation, being transported by coworkers, families, volunteers, etc.) shall be attempted before the service provider provides transportation.

The fee scheduled posted on the IME Fee Schedule website at: https://dhs.iowa.gov/ime/providers/csrp/fee-schedule has been shared with the MCOs. The MCOs are in the process of making the changes needed to implement the new rules.

The new rules comply with CMS's employment guidance and settings rules, and national technical experts helped us with a rate development model that incentivizes staff development for supported employment. We honored recommendations from our ad-hoc 2013 workgroup of providers, family members, and funders, and ultimately had to build rates that allowed the Medicaid budget for employment services to meet cost neutrality.

The rates paid by the MCOs are negotiated between the MCOs and their providers, the IME can not address to the MCOs reimbursement negotiations. Providers serving FFS members and billing the IME will be paid at the posted Fee Schedule rate.

The procedure codes and Level II Modifiers are the same regardless of which program the service is provided under. The department will be able to identify which program the services were delivered under by the members waiver or Habilitation enrollment and the billing provider's number.

Please refer to Informational Letter 1665 for the prior authorization process for Fee-For-Service (FFS) members.

https://dhs.iowa.gov/sites/default/files/1665\_HCBSPrevocationalandSupportedEmploymentServiceChanges.pdf

Prior authorization requirements for LTSS are in the MCO provider manuals:

Amerigroup

https://providers.amerigroup.com/Public%20Documents/!AIA\_ProviderManual.pdf

AmeriHealth Caritas

http://becomeaprovider.amerihealthcaritas.com/pdf/iowa/provider-manual.pdf

United Healthcare

http://www.uhccommunityplan.com/content/dam/communityplan/healthcare professionals/provider-

adminmanual/IA\_UnitedHealthcare\_Provider\_Manual.pdf

FFS Service plan authorization must occur within 7 days from the request when all necessary information has been provided to the Medical Services reviewer, and 3 days if it needs to be expedited. MCO Service plan authorization must occur within 7 days from the request when all necessary information has been provided to CBCM/IHH to be reviewed by utilization management, and 3 days if it is an emergent need. Sometimes you need a speedy review, let's say someone is offered a job on Thursday to start Monday. This is an example of an emergent need.

Providers were able to bill for the job development at the time the services were authorized in the members service plan. For Job Development services authorized and claimed prior to May 4, 2016, providers should have billed for those services. If not, then the provider would need to claim the service for a date prior to May 4, 2016.

If the provider has been reimbursed for Job Development and if the member still has not obtained a job, the provider will be asked to provide the documentation supporting their efforts to justify authorization of Individual Supported Employment. If the documentation evidences reasonable efforts towards helping the member obtain a job, it would then be justified to authorize Individual Supported Employment.

(updated 7/22/2016) Individual Supported Employment may be authorized for up to 40 hours/ units per year initially and an additional 20 hours/ units within that year if they continue to need individual employment to obtain a job and stabilize a that job. Individual SE is prior authorized and limited to:

Procedure Code: T2018 Initial authorization: \$65.47 per hour

Not to exceed 40 hourly units

Extended authorization: \$65.47 per hour

Not to exceed 20 hourly units

( updated 07/22/16)

One initial and, if necessary, one extended authorization permitted per year not to exceed a total of 60 hourly units per year (updated 7/22/16)

Total monthly cost for all supported employment services not to exceed \$3,029.00, per month

The requirements for a home and community based services to be delivered in community based settings are not new requirements. As part of the statewide transition, the state as well as providers must evaluate the experiences of members participating in services in terms of their participation and access to the community during service delivery. The state is required to be in full compliance with the CMS HCBS Settings requirements by March 17, 2019 at the latest. The state submitted an updated statewide settings transition plan (STP) to CMS on April 1, 2016. You can view the Statewide Transition Plan (STP) at http://dhs.iowa.gov/ime/about/initiatives/HCBS

Individual Supported Employment activities on behalf of does not include documenting those activities. However the provider may bill for any activities completed on behalf of the member which are directly related to the member obtaining or maintaining employment.

If the Employment Specialist drove to the job site to meet with the employer the drive time without the member present is included in the ISE rate and is not separately billable, but the time spent meeting with the employer on behalf of the member is billable time.

The time spent driving to the job site without the member in the vehicle is not billable time Transporting the member for the purposes of the job such as transporting the member from home to the job site and from the job site to home or to another job site is billable time. Staff time spent driving to get to where the member is located is the cost of doing business and is included in the ISE and LTJC rates.

When the IEP student is still in high school, the job coaching is considered to be an instructional component of the IEP which is the responsibility of the school, if this need is a result of the student's disability. The school can either provide these services themselves or they can contract with another entity (i.e. a CRP) to provide the services. IVRS has agreed to cover the costs of the job development, per the Moan between IVRS and the DE. Any time these services are considered, a team meeting will be held to assure the team is on board with this decision. If a school chooses to purchase services through a CRP, IVRS can provide guidance if the school needs this, however, it is ultimately up to the school as the purchaser of those services.

IVRS has a counselor assigned to every high school in Iowa who is charged with facilitating and/or providing transition services to eligible or potentially eligible candidates of IVRS. The primary goal of IVRS staff is to help a job candidate obtain, regain or maintain employment so staff are always making contacts within their communities with employers, as well as developing new ones. Additionally, for any IVRS job candidate who requires Supported Employment Services, IVRS staff contract with CRP partners that provide SES in order to contract out for these services.

There are 14 different employment services that IVRS staff are able to contract for on behalf of an IVRS job candidate from CRP partners that have a contract with IVRS for employment services. Each of these 14 different employment services are explained in full detail in the Menu of Services Manual on the IVRS website:

http://www.ivrs.iowa.gov/partners/CRPpage.html
As mentioned in answering question 6, IVRS staff contract out for
Supported Employment Services which includes Job Development. IVRS
also contracts out for most of the other 14 employment services, however
some services such as Job Shadowing Assessment, Transportation
Training, Job Seeking Skills Training, Career Exploration and NonSupported Job Coaching may be provided by IVRS staff. Each
employment service that IVRS staff contract for through a community
provider is determined on a case-by-case basis depending on the specific
needs presented by an IVRS job candidate.

The final regulations of the WIOA legislation have not been released, but our current understanding of this legislation is that schools are not allowed to contract with CRPs to directly provide transition services to students into segregated programs. Schools are allowed to contract with CRPs for all services within an integrated community setting that are not sub-minimum wage. The key in this is that the work is integrated and meets the integration definition, most specifically that co-workers are not disabled and it is located in a business in the community

Regions are not obligated to adopt Medicaid service design or reimbursement.